

OLAC, EMELD, & "Us"

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LREC Symposium: The Open Language Archives Community 29 May 2002

Who is "Us"?

- The community of academic linguists
 - who produce data & documentation on languages
 - who use language data & documentation in their research
- Includes most subscribers to The LINGUIST List

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The LINGUIST List

- 15,600 subscribers
- 106 different countries
- 4 European mirror sites:

Tübingen | Stockholm Edinburgh | Moscow

• Current project: EMELD . . .

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What is E-MELD?

- "Electronic Metastructure for Endangered Languages Data"
- 5 year collaborative project, begun Sept. 2001
- Participants:
 - The LINGUIST List (Eastern Michigan University, Wayne State University, University of Arizona)
 - The Linguistic Data Consortium (University of Pennsylvania)
 - The Endangered Languages Fund (Yale University, Haskins Laboratories)
- Funded by NSF



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E-MELD Objectives:

To aid in ...

- ...the preservation of Endangered Languages (EL) data and documentation
- ...the development of infrastructure for linguistic archives

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The Problem with ALL archives:

- Lack of interoperability < many different procedures and data formats
- ■Lack of permanence <</p>
 - ■use of proprietary tools & standards
 - ■unstable institutional support
- Inadequate input from linguists into the standards-setting enterprise

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Result:

Endangered Languages plus **Endangered data**

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EMELD Components

- Catalog of language resources on the Internet
- Promotion of community consensus about best practice in:
 - Language identification
 - Resource description
 - Markup or annotation
- "Showroom of Best Practice"



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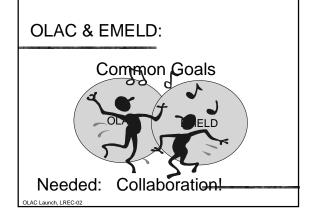
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"Showroom of Best Practice"

- Information on standards & software
- Query Room, where questions may be addressed to native speakers
- ■Texts and lexicons from 10 EL's marked up according to best practice



Languages Mocovi (Guaicuruan) Biao Min (Mienic) 7000 speakers [EMU] 21,000 speakers **[WSU]** Ega (Kwa) Cambap (Mambiloid) 300 speakers [LDC] 30 speakers [LDC] Lakota (Macro-Siouan) Tofa (Turkic) [ELF] [ELF] ■ Two from: Alamblak, Dadibi, Mapos Buang, Takaulu Kalagan, Tuwali Ifugao - [SIL]



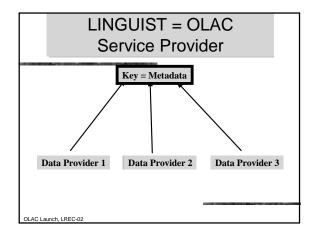
OLAC-related | Components

- 1. Catalog of resources → OLAC Service Provider
- 2. Promotion of community consensus about best practice in:
 - → OLAC metadata 1. Resource description

■Two from Post-Docs as yet to be determined.

- 2. Language identification
 - → Ethnologue /LINGUIST language codes proposed as OLAC best practice

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What you need to know to ...

Understand Metadata

- Is it really as simple as it sounds? Yes
- Is it really important? Yes
- Why ??

 - b) Standardization is hard (for People)

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Metadata

- Data about data, e.g., cataloguing information
- Facilitates resource description, including summarization
- Enables search and retrieval

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How LINGUIST will use Metadata

- Harvest metadata from OLAC archives
- Collect metadata from individual linguists
- Provide a searchable database of information (metadata) on
 - Language data & documentation
 - Software & tools
 - Standards & formats

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An Example

<olac xmlns="http://www.language-archives.org/OLAC/0.3/" >

<creator>Derbyshire, Desmond C </creator>

<date code="1986"></date>

<title>Topic continuity and OVS order in Hixkaryana</title><relation refine="IsPartOf">In Joel Sherzer and Greg Urban (eds.), Native South American discourse , 237-306. Berlin: Mouton.

<type code="Text" />

<type.linguistic code="description/grammatical" />

<subject>Word order</subject>

<subject.language code="x-sil-HIX"/>

</olac:

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OLAC Metadata . . .

built on Dublin Core set of 15 elements:

- Contributor
- Language
- Coverage
- Publisher
- Creator
- Relation
- Date
- RightsSource
- Description
- Subject
- Format
- Title
- Identifier
- Type

Added for Language Resources:

- Subject.language
 - A language the resource is about
 - E.g. A Grammar of Russian written in English has Subject.language = Russian
- Type.linguistic
 - The nature of the content from a linguistic point of view
 - E.g. transcription, annotation, description, lexicon

Important for LL Searching

<olecolor xmlns="http://www.language-archives.org/OLAC/0.3/" >
<creator>Derbyshire Desmond C.</creator>

<date code="1986"><Nate>

<title>Topic continuity and OVS order in Hixkaryana</title>

<relation refine="isPartOf" in Joel Sherzer and Greg Urban (eds.), Native South American discourse , 237-306. Berlin: Mouton.

<type code="Text" />

<type.linguistic code="description/grammatical" />
<subject>Word order</subject>

<subject.language code="x-sil-HIX"/>

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What's been done so far:

- OLAC harvester on the LINGUIST site:
 - http://saussure.linguistlist.org/olac/
- OLAC metadata editor (ORE) on the LINGUIST site:
- http://saussure.linguistlist.org/olac/ore/
- Language identification:
 - Code list for ancient languages, constructed languages, and language families to complement the Ethnologue code list
 - Everything on LINGUIST site (not just harvested metadata) categorized according to these codes: see <u>Directory of</u> Linquists

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What needs to be added? . . . to LINGUIST Gateway

- ■Advice about software, tools, formats
- ■User reviews of archives, software
- ■Look up for
 - ■Controlled vocabularies
 - ■OLAC best practice

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What needs to be done? . . . on Language Codes

- ■Mechanism ensuring community input into system
- ■Establishment of working group using OLAC process
- ■Promotion of code use among OLAC data providers

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Outcome? Improved Data Access Data Permanence Accuracy of language representation